







Prior Payments Workflow Guide (Arbitrators)



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# Issue 1: There Is a Misunderstanding Regarding TRS® Definitions "Prior Payment" and "Additional Exposure"

### **Prior Payment**

- Limited to damages sought in the arbitration case
- · Includes deductible
- Does not include additional exposures

### **Additional Exposure**

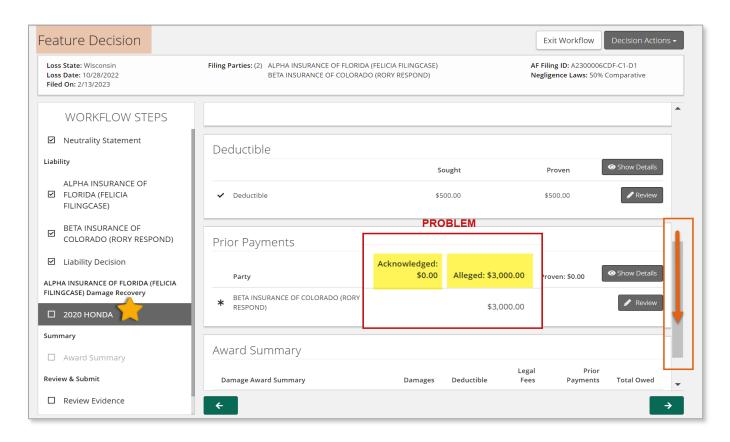
- Damages other than those sought in the arbitration case
- Examples include a damaged personal item in the vehicle, damage to a structure, etc.

TRS terms are defined to support how our membership intends arbitration to function, much like the terms in an insurance policy support how it functions. A **prior payment** in TRS means a payment for damages that the Recovering Party is seeking in arbitration, including its insured's deductible.

An **additional exposure** is an amount that is not part of the arbitration case, such as damages sustained by a party not named in the filing or a personal item in the Recovering Party's vehicle that was damaged, such as a laptop computer. It is important to understand what these terms mean in TRS to ensure that any potential award amount is accurate. It is the responsibility of the arbitrator to recognize misuse of TRS and to use the <u>Reference Guide to Arbitration Forums</u>, <u>Inc.'s</u> <u>Agreements and Rules</u> as a resource to apply the agreements and rules in practice.



## Issue 2: The Adverse Party Alleged a Prior Payment that the Recovering Party Did Not Acknowledge



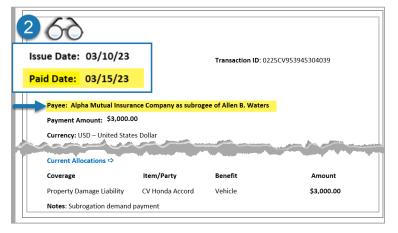
TRS is designed to automatically provide credit for prior payments acknowledged by the Recovering Party. Unfortunately, the Recovering Party sometimes fails to acknowledge a prior payment it cashed/deposited from the Adverse Party. When this occurs, the Adverse Party will likely allege the prior payment, which appears during the Feature Decision, as shown above. **This discrepancy must be resolved**.

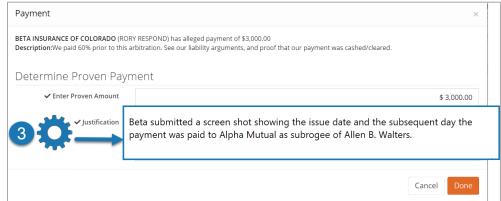




Click the "Review" button and review the evidence to determine if it proves the alleged prior payment was cashed/deposited by the Recovering Party. If it does, enter credit for the payment and explain how it was supported with evidence. If it does not, explain. Please view our <a href="Prior Payment Proofs">Prior Payment Proofs</a> job aid for examples of acceptable versus unacceptable proofs of a cashed/deposited payment.









## Issue 3: The Adverse Party Did Not Enter its Prior Payment as Required

<u>The Reference Guide to Arbitration Forums, Inc.'s Rules and Agreements</u> states, "...for new Auto filings and TRS PIP and Medical Payments filings, if the Adverse Party has issued prior payments, **they must be entered in the Prior Payment**Made field with proof of payment attached. This includes deductibles and any payments alleged to be a double dip.

This is especially important if there is a policy limit."

Please see Rule 2-5 in the Reference Guide to Arbitration Forums, Inc.'s Agreements and Rules for this language.

Errors of this type appear as follows:

- The prior payment is entered as an additional exposure.
- The prior payment is entered in the liability arguments.
- The prior payment is entered as a damage dispute.

A **prior payment** in TRS means a payment for damages that the Recovering Party is *seeking in arbitration*, including its insured's deductible.

An **additional exposure** is an amount that is *not part of the arbitration case*, such as damages sustained by a party not named in the filing or a personal item in the Recovering Party's vehicle that was damaged, such as a laptop computer.

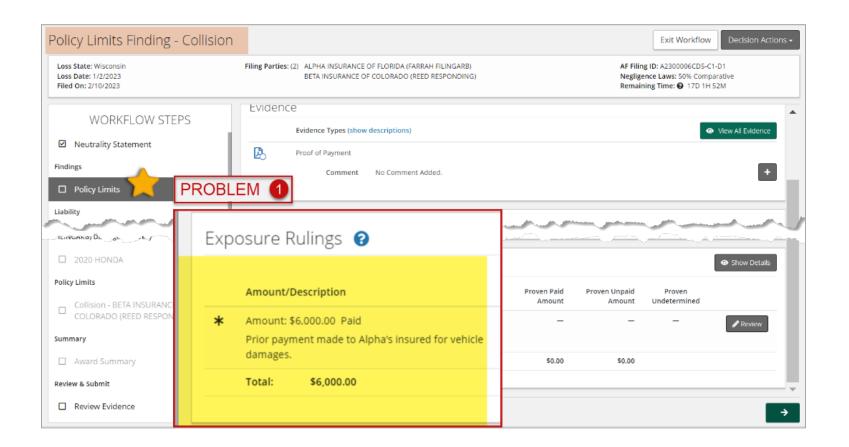
For guidance on recognizing and handling each error type listed above, please review pages 7-12 of this document.



## Issue 3-1: Entered Incorrectly as an Additional Exposure

1

The prior payment is entered as an additional exposure.

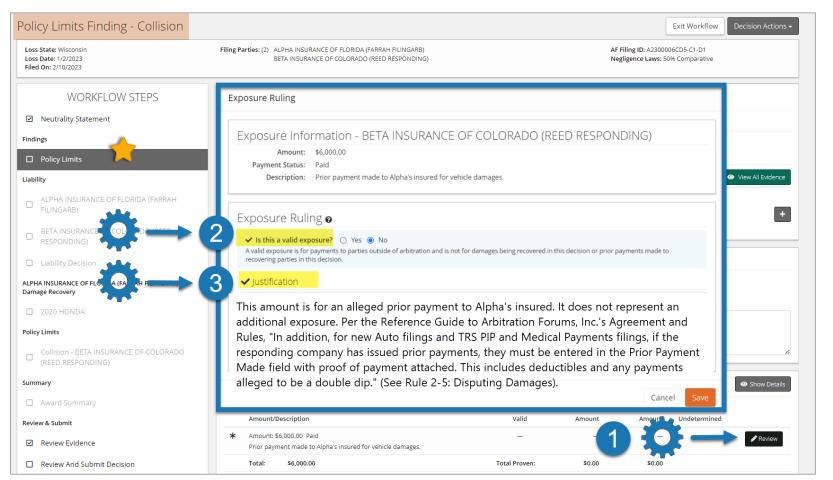




#### [Issue 3-1 Continued]



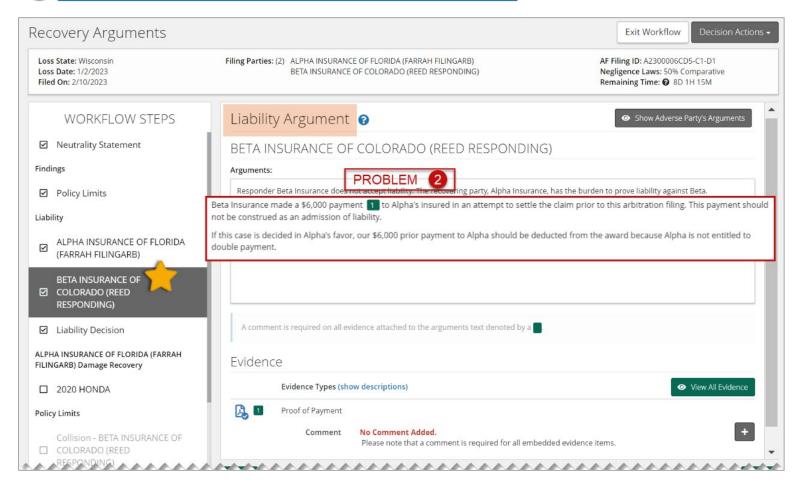
Click the "Review" button and a window will appear. Click "No" to indicate the alleged additional exposure is not a valid exposure. Explain that prior payments must be entered in the Prior Payment Made field with proof of payment attached and refer the party to the <u>Reference Guide</u> to <u>Arbitration Forums</u>, Inc.'s <u>Agreements and Rules</u> (Rule 2-5) for more detail.





## Issue 3-2: Entered Incorrectly in Liability Arguments

The prior payment is entered in the liability arguments.



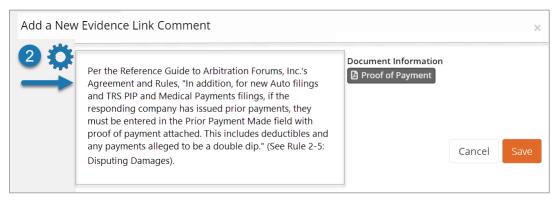
[Issue 3-2 Continued]





Explain that prior payments must be entered in the Prior Payment Made field with proof of payment attached, and refer the party to the Reference Guide to Arbitration Forums, Inc.'s Agreement and Rules. This can be done as a comment on the evidence cited by the Adverse Party, as shown below.

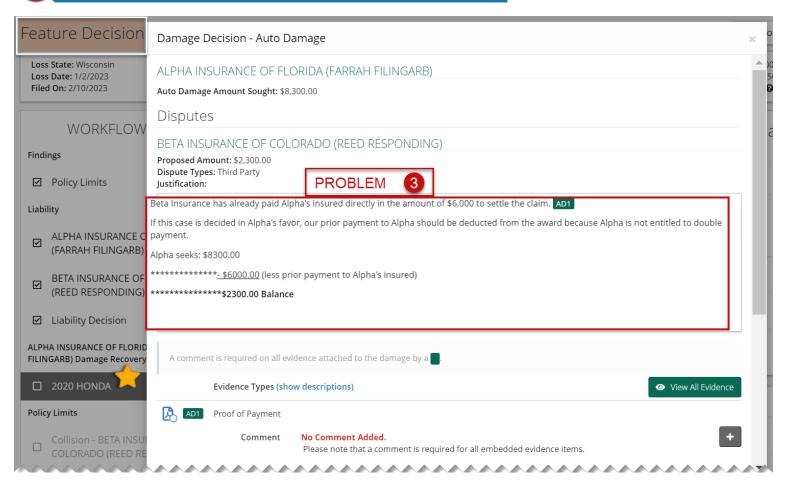






## Issue 3-3: Entered Incorrectly as a Damage Dispute

The prior payment is entered as a damage dispute.

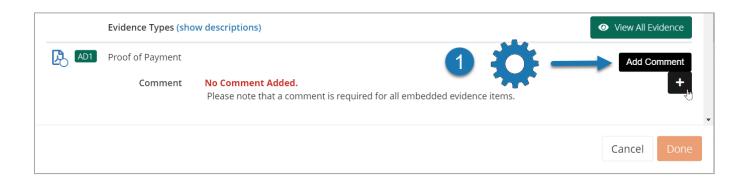


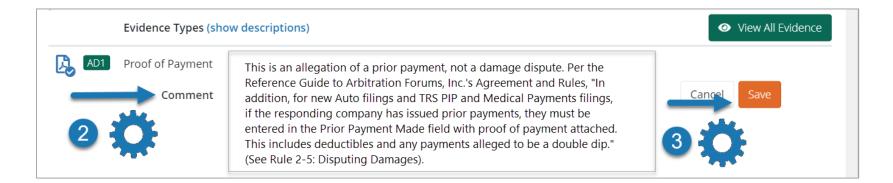


#### [Issue 3-3 Continued]



Click the related proof of payment evidence or scroll to the evidence and explain that prior payments must be entered in the Prior Payment Made field with proof of payment attached. Then, refer the party to the <a href="Reference Guide to Arbitration">Reference Guide to Arbitration</a>
Forums, Inc.'s Agreements and Rules (Rule 2-5) for more detail.

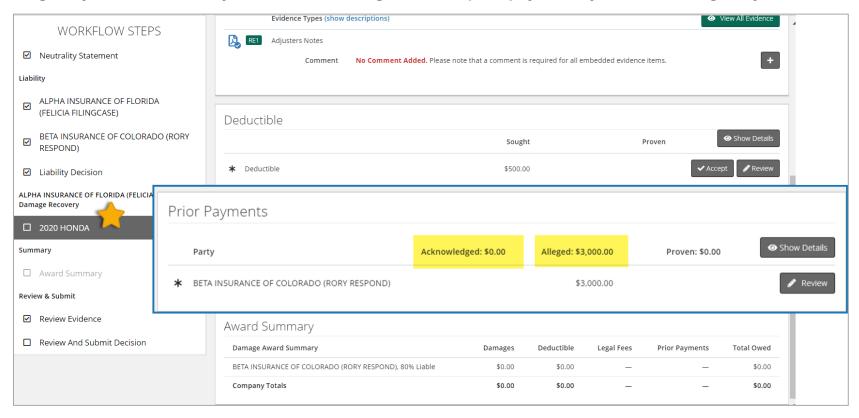






# Issue 4: The Adverse Party Entered an Amount That Does Not Pertain to Damages Sought in the Arbitration

Look at the Feature Workflow Step (in this case, the vehicle). In this scenario, the Recovering Party will not acknowledge the prior payment because it does not pertain to damages sought in the arbitration. Please note that this issue initially reveals itself to be the same as Issue 2 documented above – there is a discrepancy between a prior payment alleged by the Adverse Party and no acknowledgement of a prior payment by the Recovering Party.

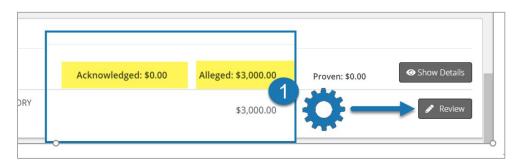


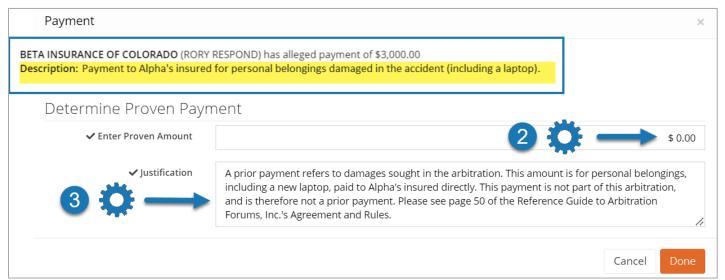
[Issue 4 Continued]





Click the Review button and **look closely at the description provided by the Adverse Party.** If the description states the prior payment is for an amount not being sought in arbitration, enter \$0.00 and explain.



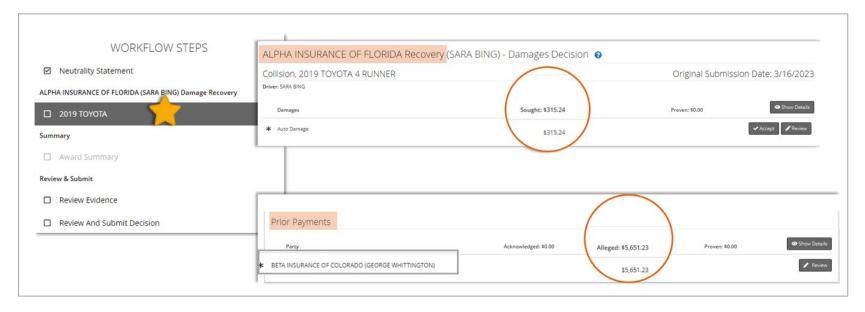




# Issue 5: On a Supplemental Filing, the Adverse Party Entered the Amount of the Original Award as a Prior Payment

On all supplemental filings, compare the amount sought to the amount of the prior payment.

In the example below, Alpha seeks an additional \$315.24 and Beta alleges a prior payment of \$5,651.23. The fact that only \$315.24 is sought should make you question if the \$5,651.23 alleged prior payment applies to the supplemental damages filing.



[See next page]



[Issue 5 Continued]



View the prior decision to determine if the award amount equals the amount of the prior payment entered on the supplemental filing.

Do not apply the credit if it does.

